

Chapter 20 The Muslim Empires Answers

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Chapter 20: The Muslim Empires (pages 448-475) I. Introduction Muslim world essentially destroyed by those pesky Mongols Out of nowhere...came the return of the Muslims Ottoman Empire – the biggest Safavid Empire – Afghanistan and Iran Mughal – the northern part of India These “gunpowder empires” could be compared with Russia and the West All militarily important Interacted far less ...

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The Muslim Empires 1450 – 1800 Key Events As you read this chapter, look for the key events in the history of the Muslim empires. • Muslim conquerors captured vast territory in Europe and Asia using firearms. • Religion played a major role in the establishment of the Ottoman, Safavid, and Mogul Empires.

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They built empires through military conquest based on the effective use of firearms. Each was ruled by an absolute monarch and drew revenues from taxation of agrarian populations. There were differences. The Mughals ruled mostly non-Muslim peoples, the Safavids mostly Muslims, and the Ottomans a mixture of Muslims and Christians.

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The Muslim Empires

AP Chapter 20 Study Guide. Posted on December 6, 2012 by phamuel. 1) What were the similarities and differences of the three Muslim Empires (Ottomans, Safavids, and Mughals)? ...

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AP World History. Search this site. Chapter 01: Prehistoric to Early Civilizations ... Chapter 20: The Muslim Empires. Introduction. Muslim world essentially destroyed by those pesky Mongols; return of the Muslims Ottoman Empire – the biggest Safavid Empire – Afghanistan and Iran Mughal – the northern part of India;

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Chapter 21 The Muslim Empires . I. Introduction A. Muslim world essentially destroyed by those pesky Mongols ; B. But then...out of nowhere...came the return of the Muslims

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CHAPTER 21 The Muslim Empires CHAPTER SUMMARY The Mongol invasions of the 13th and 14th centuries destroyed theoretical Muslim unity. The Abbasid and many regional dynasties were crushed. Three new Muslim dynasties arose to bring a new flowering to Islamic civilization. The greatest, the Ottoman Empire, reached its peak in

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Chapter 21: Muslim Empires Summary notes 1. The Muslim EmpiresChapter 21: Summary and Review 2.

Foundation and Overview • Mongol conquests of the 13th and 14th centuries destroyed remaining Muslim unity in southern Asia • Three new empires emerged: Ottoman, Safavid, and Mughal • All had strong militaries and gunpowder technology • All had absolute monarchies and agrarian economies

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CHAPTER 20 The Muslim Empires Chapter Outline Summary I. The Ottomans: From Frontier Warriors to Empire Builders Mid-1200s. Mongols defeated Seljuks Ottomans emerged dominant Into Balkans, 14th, 15th centuries 1453, Ottomans took Constantinople Expansion Middle East, north Africa, Europe Ottomans dominated Mediterranean A.

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Title: THE MUSLIM EMPIRES Chapter 20 1 THE MUSLIM EMPIRESChapter 20 2 Map ExercisesMap 20.1 The Ottoman, Safavid, Mughal Empires (page 451)Map 20.2 The Expansion of the Ottoman Empire (page 456)Map 20.3 The CHAPTER 20 Outline - CHAPTER 20 The Muslim Empires Chapter ... CHAPTER 21 The Muslim Empires CHAPTER SUMMARY The Mongol invasions of the 13th and 14th centuries destroyed theoretical Muslim unity. The Abbasid and many regional dynasties were crushed. Three new Muslim dynasties arose to bring a new flowering to Islamic civilization. The greatest, the Ottoman Empire, reached its peak in