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L'Africa cinese  
University Press of America  
Nuova antologia di lettere, scienze ed arti  
*Nuova antologia* Donzelli

## Editore

Il nostro futuro si giocherà in Africa. Il mondo la osserva con un'attenzione nuova. È il baricentro demografico del pianeta: lì si concentrerà la crescita della popolazione in questo secolo, mentre la denatalità avanza altrove. Un'altra sfida riguarda le materie prime, in particolare materiali strategici nella transizione verso un'economia sostenibile: molti dei minerali e metalli rari indispensabili per i pannelli solari o le auto

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elettriche vengono estratti in Africa. Del continente gli italiani conoscono solo una narrazione pauperistica e catastrofista. L'Africa è descritta come l'origine della «bomba migratoria» che si abbatterà su di noi. Viene compianta come la vittima di tutti gli appetiti imperialisti e neocoloniali: quelli occidentali o la nuova invasione da parte della Cina. Fa notizia solo come luogo di sciagure e sofferenze: conflitti, siccità e carestie, sfruttamento e saccheggio di risorse, profughi che muoiono attraversando il Mediterraneo. Dagli anni Settanta, quando si spensero le prime speranze di rinascita nell'epoca dell'indipendenza post-coloniale, l'Occidente ha mescolato la sindrome della pietà, i complessi di colpa e una «cultura degli aiuti umanitari» destinata a creare dipendenza e corruzione. Contro gli stereotipi s'impone una nuova narrazione. Ce la

chiedono autorevoli personalità africane, che si riprendono il diritto di raccontare l'Africa così com'è davvero, senza piangersi addosso, ribellandosi ai luoghi comuni occidentali. L'Africa non è una nazione, è un continente immenso con diversità enormi, dal Cairo a Johannesburg, da Addis Abeba a Lagos. Non è solo sofferenza e fuga, come dimostra la sua straordinaria vitalità culturale. A New York, Londra e Parigi siamo invasi da romanzi, musica, film, pittura e mode creati da nuove generazioni di artisti africani. La diaspora brilla per le eccellenze: negli Stati Uniti i recenti immigrati dall'Africa hanno dato vita a una delle comunità etniche di maggior successo. Esiste un protagonismo africano. Sbagliamo quando descriviamo il continente soltanto come «oggetto» di manovre altrui (America, Cina, Russia, Europa). Senza ricadere nelle illusioni dell'Afro-ottimismo

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che già si sono accese e spente nei decenni passati, questo saggio è una provocazione contro la pigrizia intellettuale e un antidoto contro le lobby che usano l'Africa per i propri scopi. Il nostro sguardo deve cambiare perché lo sguardo degli africani su se stessi sta cambiando. Fallito il modello degli aiuti, fallite le dittature e gli statalismi, mentre c'è chi tenta di importarvi il «modello asiatico», noi europei dobbiamo uscire dalla nostra passività. Quasi un ventennio fa, Federico Rampini fece scoprire agli italiani un'Asia nuova, in vorticoso cambiamento, con i bestseller *Il secolo cinese* e *L'impero di Cindia*. Oggi affronta con lo stesso approccio spregiudicato il Grande Sud globale, guidandoci nella sua riscoperta senza paraocchi, da testimone in presa diretta, attraverso reportage di viaggio e dando la voce a personaggi che fanno la storia.

**Italia: Civilta e Cultura**  
Edizioni Pendragon  
**Italia: Civilta e Cultura**  
offers a comprehensive description of historical and cultural development on the Italian peninsula. This project was developed to provide students and professors with a flexible and easy-to-read reference book about Italian civilization and cultural studies, also appropriate for cinema and Italian literature classes. This text is intended for students pursuing a minor or a major in Italian studies and serves as an important learning tool with its all-inclusive vision of Italy. Each chapter includes thematic itineraries to promote active class discussion and textual comprehension check-questions to guide students through the reading and understanding of the subject matter.  
[La decadenza dell'Europa](#)  
Edizioni Mondadori

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Excerpt from Sword Blades and Poppy Seed N 0 one expects a man to make a chair Without first learning how, but there is a popular impression that the poet is born, not made, and that his verses burst from his over flowing heart of them selves. As a matter of fact, the poet must learn his trade in the same manner, and With the same painstaking care, as the cabinet-maker. His heart may overflow with high thoughts and sparkling fancies, but if he cannot convey them to his reader by means of the written word he has no claim to be considered a poet. A workman may be pardoned, therefore, for spending a few moments to explain and describe the technique of his trade. A work of beauty Which cannot stand an intimate examination is a poor and jerry-built thing. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at [www.forgottenbooks.com](http://www.forgottenbooks.com) This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally

reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

### L'Africa italiana Donzelli Editore

The history of Italian colonial affairs has recently attracted renewed interest from historians and economists. It is a complex and involved question. Over the last few years, though perhaps slightly later than the more mature historiography of other European countries, the work of some important scholars has opened up

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new fields of investigation and research. Recent studies have tried to analyse in greater depth the working mechanisms of the colonial system, broadening the field of investigation also to the perspective of African countries and the political-economic equilibriums of the second half of the 20th century. This study fits into this area of research and analyses crucial aspects of the decolonisation of Somalia, the history of the presence of Italian banking in Somaliland; relations between Italian and Somali institutions; Italian political-monetary policies during the reconstruction and the first economic boom.

### **Conflitto e democrazia in Europa, 1650-2000:** Yale

University Press  
A distanza di cinquant'anni esatti, che segnò il momento culminante della decolonizzazione africana ed è quindi passato alla storia come l'"Anno dell'Africa", questo volume ricostruisce il processo verso l'unità in atto nel Continente africano partendo dalla formazione degli Stati nazionali negli anni successivi al secondo conflitto mondiale. Per inciso, con lo spazio che è stato riservato alla politica italiana in talune questioni specifiche, si è inteso sottolineare che dopo il 1945 il ruolo dell'Italia nella storia dell'Africa e dell'Africa nella storia e nell'azione diplomatica dell'Italia, è stato meno marginale di quanto potrebbe a prima vista apparire. Particolare attenzione è dedicata ai seguenti temi: nascita dell'Organizzazione dell'Unità Africana (1963), diritti umani, questione dei conflitti, passaggio dall'OUA all'Unione Africana.  
Dove va l'Africa? Cambridge

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University Press  
Introduzione – Intervista a Pat Utomi – PARTE I. Profilo storico, sociale ed economico della Nigeria (a cura di A. Billi): 1. Profilo storico - 2. Popolazione - 3. Il sistema istituzionale - 4. Istruzione e istituzioni formative - 5. Salute e sistema sanitario - 6. L'economia del Paese - 6.1. L'economia nigeriana e il settore petrolifero - 6.2. Le attuali politiche funzionali alla crescita - 6.3. La promozione della crescita nel settore agricolo - 6.4. Prospettive di sviluppo del capitale umano - 6.5. Gli obiettivi del millennio e le strategie di sviluppo per uscire dalla povertà - 7. Considerazioni di sintesi – PARTE II. La formazione, una strada per lo sviluppo. Il caso Nigeria (a cura di R. Miranda): 1. Introduzione - 2. Le aree di intervento - 3. Il progetto - 4. L'impatto. Il punto di vista dei beneficiari - 5. Conclusione

**African Law(s)** La Civiltà Cattolica

Although the Cold War is

over, the writing of its history has only just begun. This book presents an analysis of the origins of the Cold War in the decade after the Second World War, discussing the development of the United States and the Soviet Union as superpowers and the reactions of the Western European states to the growing Soviet-American rivalry. Drawing on recently opened archives from the former Soviet Union as well as on existing research largely unavailable in English, distinguished authorities from each of the countries discussed provide new insight into the Cold War and into the Europe that has been molded by it. The book begins with an overview of United States Cold War policy after the war and a pioneering post-communist examination of Russian involvement. The

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next chapters focus on the other two members of the wartime alliance, Britain and France, for which the Cold War was interwoven with concerns such as the maintenance of empire and the continued fear of Germany. The book then examines the vanquished countries of World War II, Italy and Germany, who--particularly in the case of divided Germany--were struggling to recover their international status and come to terms with their past. The last part of the book considers how the small states--Benelux and Scandinavia--forged new groupings in the search for security, even though conflicts of national interest still persisted between them. The authors not only show the impact of superpower policies on each country but also reveal the many ways in which West European

states were active participants in Cold War politics, trying to draw the Americans into Europe and shaping the blocs that emerged. The book sheds light on the European Community (in many ways a response to uneasiness about Germany) and on NATO, whose purpose was once described as keeping "the Russians out, the Americans in, and the Germans down."

### **The Origins of the Cold War in Europe** BRILL

This international history of the origins and nature of 'cold war' offers the first systematic examination of the complex relationship between the United States and Italy, and of American debates about warfare in the years between World War II and the Korean War. Kaeten Mistry reveals how the defeat of the Marxist left in the 1948 Italian election was perceived as a victory for the United States amidst a

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'war short of war', as defined by influential planner George Kennan, becoming an allegory for cold war in American minds. The book analyses how political warfare sought to employ covert operations, overt tactics and propaganda in a co-ordinated offensive against international communism. Charting the critical contribution of a broad network of local, religious, civic, labour, and business groups, Mistry reveals how the notion of a specific American success paved the way for a problematic future for US-Italian relations and American political warfare.

### The United States, Italy and the Origins of Cold War Routledge

The spectres of Marx and Lenin have long loomed prominently in Africa and Asia and they still do so in the 21st century. Many of the founding fathers of postcolonial republics believed socialism could

transform their societies. Yet what socialism meant in theory and in practice has always been highly heterogeneous and differed markedly from the European experience. African and Asian movements did not simply mimic the ideas and institutions of Soviet or European Marxists, but endeavoured to define their own, experimenting with a variety of interpretations and in the process adapting doctrines and templates to their unique contexts. This volume brings together anthropologists, historians and political scientists from around the world to reflect on three great challenges which various types of socialists in Africa and Asia have had to simultaneously contend

with in their articulations of How did it change from liberation: how to build up empirical and juridical statehood, how to forge a nation after colonial divide-and-rule, and how to position themselves in an international order not of their making. In a post-colonial world, this helps centre a key question running through the different chapters: what can African and Asian imaginaries, institutions and practices tell us about socialism as a global phenomenon? The chapters in this book were originally published as a special issue of *Third World Quarterly*.

International  
interdisciplinary conference

“Sketch a subculture”

Ledizioni

How did Italy's role of regional power develop?

national unification to the present day? This book examines the degree of influence exerted by Italy in its own geopolitical context, with special focus on Libya and the Horn of Africa. With the aid of different research methods and thanks to two exclusive interviews (H.E. Giulio Terzi di Sant'Agata and Gen. Vincenzo Ruggero Manca), this work traces the many stages that have characterized Italian foreign policy in its sphere of influence, its successes and its failures, from the country's early colonial policies to the latest events. Images, graphics, maps and confidential documents further enrich the debate on one of the most ancient but controversial regional powers.

*L'Africa del Duce*

ArchetipoLibri

I paesi subsahariani stanno

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attraversando una fase di crescita economica senza precedenti, fonte a sua volta di trasformazioni politiche e sociali che percorrono tutta la regione. Eppure la retorica prevalente quando parliamo di Africa è paradossalmente ferma all'immagine di paesi ostili, instabili, flagellati da povertà e malattie. Pur senza trascurare gli elementi critici, i rischi e le sfide che caratterizzano l'Africa contemporanea, gli autori esaminano le potenzialità e opportunità dischiuse dai cambiamenti in corso nel continente africano. Attraverso dati aggiornati e comparazioni con altri paesi, vengono messi in evidenza aspetti chiave per l'internazionalizzazione economica italiana e per la ridefinizione di una strategia politica e diplomatica verso l'Africa subsahariana.

*La Civiltà cattolica*  
EDIZIONI DEDALO

This book takes a comparative law perspective and proposes a

new approach for researching law in Africa. Western theoretical perspectives in comparative law are too Eurocentric to fully catch the peculiarities and characteristics of the African "lawscape"—in short, they are inadequate for studying African law. In this book, Professor Salvatore Mancuso considers the law in Africa from a different perspective. Deeply rooted in the culture of the African people, this approach considers African legal culture with the same legitimacy as Western legal culture, setting a precedent for future policy-making decisions relating to legislative development in Africa.

**La Comunità europea e l'Africa** LED Edizioni Universitarie  
The EU is struggling to cope with the so-called "migration crisis" that has

emerged over the past few years. Designing the right policies to address immigration requires a deep understanding of its root causes. Why do Africans decide to leave their home countries? While the dream of a better life in Europe is likely part of the explanation, one also needs to examine the prevailing living conditions in the large and heterogeneous sub-Saharan region. This Report investigates the actual role of political, economic, demographic and environmental drivers in current migration flows. It offers a comprehensive picture of major migration motives as well as of key trends. Attention is also devoted to the role of climate change in intra-continental mobility (two-thirds of sub-Saharan migrant flows start and end within the region). Two country studies on Eritrea and Nigeria are also included to get a closer sense of local developments behind large-scale migration to Europe.

*Storia del pensiero economico*  
EDUCatt - Ente per il diritto allo studio universitario dell'Università Cattolica  
Collected Papers of the International interdisciplinary conference "Sketch a subculture" Subcultures can be so tightly integrated into the contemporary person's daily life that they have become almost indispensable and ubiquitous. Family, job, agreements, responsibilities and negotiations are one thing, but, let us say, skydiving, or riding a bike in the company of motorcycle enthusiasts is a different

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thing—no less an important part practically nothing about. Why of one's life. The current state of affairs is that almost everyone on this planet belongs to some subculture in one way or another. This another, natural part of one's lifestyle for pleasure is not always considered a "subculture," but the heart of the matter does not change because of this. To the point, a person might be a part of more than one subculture, and at the same time know nothing about what it may lead to; they may know nothing about the possible scenarios, goals and intentions of this environment. Even the most attractive and "mysteriously" formulated idea (for example, attaining Nirvana) remains something inconceivable, for what is "Nirvana," and how to understand that this state has been achieved is unknown. The idea has no explanations, no criteria and no parameters. And yet, this does not stop people from pursuing ideas as such. Many voluntarily strive for something they know are subcultures so attractive? Why have they become magnets to researchers, professionals and business persons, among all others? These and many other questions require innovative approaches and an unbiased dialogue in an understandable scientific language. The International interdisciplinary conference "Sketch a subculture" united leading experts, scientists, researchers, practitioners, journalists, photographers and thinkers for this discussion on 6 different online panels, where the following questions were discussed: 1. Problems of choosing a research path in studying a subculture. 2. Plan of researching a subculture: from the idea to the completion of the research, from mythological and religious to scientific and philosophical worldviews. 3. From mythologemes to ideas as foundational elements of subculture formation. Approaches for researching

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mythologemes that underlie the philosophy of a subculture.

4. Approaches for studying the hierarchy of subcultures. Can we claim that the hierarchical structure of all subcultures is identical? 5. Ways to explore the attributes and symbols of subcultures. 6. The phenomenon of "Subculture in Subculture" and characteristics of its study. The synthesis of ideas in the subculture, reasons for the existence of subcultures, invisible internal mechanisms that maintain their continuance. 7. Frederick Lawrence's drawing as the purpose of subculture research. 8. Can we consider a subculture as a machine that shapes a personality? The idea of death and different ways of implementing this idea by subcultures in daily life. 9. Frederick Lawrence's drawing, the theory of subculture formation, application of prototype method to understand phenomena. 10. Is it true that one idea forms a whole

subculture? The pathway in subculture: fatal and successful. 11. The difference between subculture and religion. What are specific elements that shape each institution? 12. Use of religion by other social institutions (business, politics, etc.) for their own purposes. Religion transformation: from divine transcendence to the universal society based on technological principles.

[Italy as a Regional Power](#)  
Edizioni Nuova Cultura  
"Savane sconfinate e popolate da immensi branchi di animali selvatici. Montagne equatoriali incappucciate di neve. Popoli antichi che donano anima e colore alla terra. Benvenuti in Kenya". In questa guida: gli animali e il loro ambiente; pianificare il safari; tribù del Kenya; attività all'aperto.

*La condizione della donna in Africa Sub-Sahariana* Bruno Mondadori  
Che cosa ci fanno centinaia di operai edili cinesi ammassati in cantieri-dormitorio

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organizzati come piccole Chinatown nel bel mezzo del deserto della Dancalia in Etiopia? E perché diventa sempre più frequente incrociare lo sciamare ordinato di funzionari di Pechino e businessmen di Shanghai negli hotel di Lagos e sulle rotte per Luanda? Il governo di Pechino sta estendendo la sua influenza nei paesi in via di sviluppo, esportando un modello organizzativo, sociale ed economico alternativo a quello dei paesi occidentali proprio a partire dal Continente Nero. Negli ultimi dieci anni l'Africa è diventata l'obiettivo strategico primario di Pechino e il vero banco di prova della capacità cinese di esportare, adattare e ripensare continuamente il proprio modello di sviluppo. Attraverso un percorso che si snoda sulle piste sabbiose del continente dal sottosuolo più ricco di materie prime, in questo libro viene analizzato in tutte le sue straordinarie contraddizioni l'impatto di un paradigma economico-sociale

con il quale tutti sono chiamati a confrontarsi: Il Beijing Consensus.

**Storia contemporanea**  
EGEA spa

*Out of Africa* Il Mulino

**L'Africa subsahariana**  
EGEA spa