Low Ionic Strength Solution

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Electron-transfer and Transport Mechanisms in Low Ionic Strength Solutions F A Davis Company

Essentials of ABO-Rh Grouping and Compatibility Testing: Theoretical Aspects and Practical Application focuses on overall safety in blood transfusion, including accurate ABO and Rh-D grouping of both patient and donor. The book first elaborates on the ABO blood group system and the Rh blood group system and hemolytic disease of the newborn. Discussions focus on the Rh-D antigen, Rh genotyping, Rh testing of blood donors and recipients of blood, antenatal and postnatal serology in cases other than Rh and ABO hemolytic disease, selection and preparation of Rh anti-D grouping reagent, dangerous group O donor blood, alternative sources of anti-A and anti-B blood grouping reagent, and development of the A and B red cell antigens. The manuscript then takes a look at compatibility testing (crossmatching) and transfusion reaction investigations, as well as compatibility testing and preparation of blood for patients with antibodies to serum proteins; compatibility testing of patients with known irregular antibodies; non-urgent compatibility testing of blood; and compatibility testing for patients requiring platelets. The publication takes a look at practical procedures, including grades of agglutination, control of anti-human globulin serum, preparation of low ionic strength saline, and preparation of platelet concentrates. The text is a valuable source of information for researchers interested in ABO-Rh grouping and compatibility testing.

Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices Springer Science & Business Media No. 2, pt. 2 of November issue each year from v. 19 (1963)-47 (1970) and v. 55 (1972)- contain the Abstracts of papers presented at the Annual Meeting of the American Society for Cell Biology, 3d (1963)-10th (1970) and 12th (1972)-

Cell Electrophoresis Springer Science & Business Media

Soil acidity is a major limitation to crop production in many parts of the world. Plant growth inhibition results from a combination of factors, including aluminum, manganese, and hydrogen ion toxicities and deficiencies of essential elements, particularly calcium, magnesium, phosphorus, and molybdenum. Agricultural management practices and acid precipitation have increased acid inputs into the ecosystem and heightened concern about soil acidity problems. While application of lime has proved to be effective in ameliorating surface soil acidity in many areas, significant soil acidity problems still exist. Scientists from Alberta, Canada, recognized the need to provide a forum for researchers from different disciplines to exchange information and ideas on solving problems of plant growth in acid soils. As a result of their efforts, the First International Symposium on Plant-Soil Interactions at Low pH was held at Grande Prairie, Alberta, Canada, in July 1987. In many acid soil areas, liming materials are not readily available, the cost may be prohibitive, or subsoil acidity cannot be corrected by surface application of lime. New management approaches involving both the plant and the soil are needed in these situations. Progress has been made in the selection and breeding of acid-tolerant plants. However, continued progress will be limited by our lack of understanding of the physiological and biochemical basis of differential acidity tolerance among plants.

description of the conduct of tests. Furthermore, the results of testing rhinovirus suspensions and antisera comparatively both by hemaggregation inhibition test and by conventional techniques are presented. (Author).

Molecular Mechanisms of Hormone Action Springer Science & Business Media

UO2 Leaching and Radionuclide Release Modelling Under High and Low Ionic Strength Solution and Oxidation ConditionsStudies of the Proteins Solubilized from the Erythrocyte Membrane in Low Ionic Strength Solution ...Cell ElectrophoresisCRC Press

Theoretische und praktische Untersuchungen der "low ionic strength solution" in der Blutgruppen-Serologie BoD – Books on Demand

This book presents a summary of the application and instrumentation of cell electrophoresis. The method of making cell purification and characterization possible according to the cellular negative surface charge density is discussed, and ideas for future developments are explained. The negative electrostatic forces at cell surfaces provide information about cell-cell interaction, blood vessel sealing, cytokine actions, cell transformation, ion transport phenomena, and other biological phenomena. Recalculations of the physical principles of cell electrophoresis reveal possibilities for removing disruptive factors caused by electrical current, heat, and sedimentation. The introduction of computer technology, the performance of simultaneous two-parameter measurements, and the application of cell-friendly but current-inert buffer systems render the method more reliable and efficient.

<u>Conformational Transitions of Nucleosome Core Particles Monitored with Time-resolved Fluorescence</u> <u>Spectroscopy</u> Elsevier

Recombinant proteins and polypeptides continue to be the most important class of biotechnology-derived agents in today's pharmaceutical industry. Over the past few years, our fundamental understanding of how proteins degrade and how stabilizing agents work has made it possible to approach formulation of protein pharmaceuticals from a much more rational point of view. This book describes the current level of understanding of protein instability and the strategies for stabilizing proteins under a variety of stressful conditions.

A computer program for geochemical analysis of acid-rain and other low-ionic-strength, acidic waters CRC Press

Here is the most comprehensive and up-to-date treatment of one of the hottest areas of chemical research. The treatment of fundamental kinetics and photochemistry will be highly useful to chemistry students and their instructors at the graduate level, as well as postdoctoral fellows entering this new, exciting, and well-funded field with a Ph.D. in a related discipline (e.g., analytical, organic, or physical chemistry, chemical physics, etc.). Chemistry of the Upper and Lower Atmosphere provides postgraduate researchers and teachers with a uniquely detailed, comprehensive, and authoritative resource. The text bridges the "gap" between the fundamental chemistry of the earth's atmosphere and "real world" examples of its application to the development of sound scientific risk assessments and associated risk management control strategies for both tropospheric and stratospheric pollutants. Serves as a graduate textbook and "must have" reference for all atmospheric scientists Provides more than 5000 references to the literature through the end of 1998 Presents tables of new actinic flux data for the troposphere and stratospher (0-40km) Summarizes kinetic and photochemical date for the troposphere and stratosphere Features problems at the end of most chapters to enhance the book's use in teaching Includes applications of the OZIPR box model with comprehensive chemistry for student use Basic Laboratory Methods for Biotechnology CRC Press Written by internationally recognized experts, Surimi and Surimi Seafood, Second Edition provides a wealth of up-to-the-minute information on all aspects of the production of surimi and surimi seafood. To accommodate the fast-paced surimi and surimi seafood industry, this revised and updated edition has been expanded to include five new chapters. M

Studies of the Proteins Solubilized from the Erythrocyte Membrane in Low Ionic Strength Solution ... Springer Science & Business Media This is the first volume to make available specific case histories of therapeutic proteins and peptides that have been marketed or are currently under clinical testing. The editors have selected a wide range of molecules derived from monoclonal antibodies, recombinant DNA, and natural and chemical sources to provide formulation scientists with practical examples of the deveopment of pharmaceutical products.

Engineered Nanoparticles and the Environment ScholarlyEditions

This volume of Current Topics in Membranes focuses on Membrane Protein Crystallization, beginning with a review of past successes and general trends, then further discussing challenges of mebranes protein crystallization, cell free production of membrane proteins and novel lipids for membrane protein crystallization. This publication also includes tools to enchance membrane protein crystallization, technique advancements, and crystallization strategies used for photosystem I and its complexes, establishing Membrane Protein Crystallization as a needed, practical reference for researchers.

Evaluation of Six Systems for the Detection of Red Cell Antibodies Springer Science & Business Media Time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy was used to monitor the effects of varying ionic strength on nucleosome core particle structure. Two main methods were used in these studies. First, the fluorescence anisotropy decay of bound ethidium was measured and was shown to reflect the rotational tumbling of the core particle through solution, the longest recovered decay time being a measure of the rotational correlation time of the particle. A rotational correlation time of 165 ns was recovered for the native core particle at 10 mM ionic strength, in excellent agreement with that predicted by hydrodynamic calculations based on the particle's known size and shape. This technique was then used to measure the rotational correlation time of the core particle as a function of ionic strength. Below 1 mM salt the recovered rotational correlation times suggested little change in shape throughout the region of the reversible low salt transition. At very low ionic strengths (below 0.2 mM), where the low salt transition becomes irreversible, the rotational correlation time increased sharply to ~330 ns, suggesting a major change in the core particle structure. Computer modeling was performed to show that this increase was most likely due to a substantial elongation in the core particle structure, to at least a 5:1 axial ratio. At elevated ionic strengths, the rotational correlation time was seen to increase from the initial value of ~165 ns to ~240 ns as the salt concentration was raised from 10 mM to 0.35 M, with further increases being observed only above 0.65 M; we term this initial increase the moderate salt transition. Trypsinization of the core particles to remove the Nterminal histone domains completely abolished the increase, demonstrating that the moderate salt transition as measured by this technique involves the release of these protein domains from the body of the core particle. The second method used involved the measurement of the fluorescence decay of the intrinsic tyrosine residues of the core particle. This decay proved to be very complex, and was best represented by a distribution of lifetimes, suggesting different environments for the tyrosines. This distribution changed as the ionic strength of the solution changed, suggesting the movement of tyrosine residues to differing environments as the particle undergoes the low and moderate salt transitions, as well as the high salt dissociation.

Issues in Pharmacology, Pharmacy, Drug Research, and Drug Innovation: 2011 Edition Elsevier

The novel technique for the titration of rhinoviruses and of antibodies against them described in this paper is based on the finding that rhinovirus suspensions inhibit the aggregation of typsin-treated human erthrocytes, suspended in an albumin containing glucose solution of low ionic strength at low pH, and that the hemaggregation inhibiting activity of the virus suspensions is specifically bound by the addition of homologous antibody. This paper gives a detailed

Polymer Science U.S.S.R. Springer

A topical selection of papers from a July-August 2001 conference in Ontario on the biogeochemistry of trace elements in general, has been augmented with contributions invited from researchers well versed in coal and the byproducts of its combustion. In the resulting 22 articles, scientists in the earth and environmental sciences, engineering, mathematics, and other disciplines from a number of countries consider the environmental impact of coal combustion residues, trace elements in fly ash, the transport and leachability of metals from coal and ash piles, and using coal as an agricultural soil amendment. Some of the chapters are double spaced. Annotation (c)2003 Book News, Inc., Portland, OR (booknews.com).

Antibody-Drug Conjugates UO2 Leaching and Radionuclide Release Modelling Under High and Low Ionic Strength Solution and Oxidation ConditionsStudies of the Proteins Solubilized from the Erythrocyte Membrane in Low Ionic Strength Solution ... Cell Electrophoresis Issues in Pharmacology, Pharmacy, Drug Research, and Drug Innovation: 2011 Edition is a ScholarlyEditions[™] eBook that delivers timely, authoritative, and comprehensive information about Pharmacology, Pharmacy, Drug Research, and Drug Innovation. The editors have built Issues in Pharmacology, Pharmacy, Drug Research, and Drug Innovation: 2011 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.TM You can expect the information about Pharmacology, Pharmacy, Drug Research, and Drug Innovation in this eBook to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Issues in Pharmacology, Pharmacy, Drug Research, and Drug Innovation: 2011 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions[™] and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/.

U.S. Geological Survey Water-supply Paper CRC Press

Details the source, release, exposure, adsorption, aggregation, bioavailability, transport, transformation, and modeling of engineered nanoparticles found in many common products and applications Covers synthesis, environmental application, detection, and characterization of engineered nanoparticles Details the toxicity and risk assessment of engineered nanoparticles Includes topics on the transport, transformation, and modeling of engineered nanoparticles Presents the latest developments and knowledge of engineered nanoparticles Written by world leading experts from prestigious universities and companies

NUREG/CR. John Wiley & Sons

This volume is a collection of immunohematology and transfusion medicine cases, comprised of clinical vignettes and antibody panels with questions based on each case, arranged in a workbook format. The cases are based on real patient problems which are typically encountered and covers a number of common issues and challenging problems in blood banking and transfusion practice. Discussion and resolution of each case is provided in a separate answer section, including up-to-date information on pertinent advances in the field. Written by experts in the field, Immunohematology and Transfusion Medicine: A Case Study Approach provides an interactive tool to help make blood banking and transfusion medicine memorable, practical, and relevant to residents and fellows.

Immunohematology and Transfusion Medicine Springer

Issues in General Food Research / 2011 Edition is a ScholarlyEditions[™] eBook that delivers timely, authoritative, and comprehensive information about General Food Research. The editors have built Issues in General Food Research: 2011 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.[™] You can expect the information about General Food Research in this eBook to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Issues in General Food Research: 2011 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions[™] and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/.

A Review of Behavior of Plutonium in Soils and Other Geologic Materials ScholarlyEditions An analytic equation is presented that allows the prediction of steady-state voltammetric half-wave potentials as a function of electrolyte concentration in low ionic strength solutions for an electrode of arbitrary geometry and size. The equation is tested for the oxidation of ferrocene in acetonitrile at 2.4 -20 micro m platinum microdisk electrodes for electrolyte (tetra-n-butylammonium perchlorate) concentrations between 10(-1) and 4 x 10 to the 9th power M, and in acetonitrile solutions containing no intentionally added electrolyte. An analytical method for measuring ion impurity concentration, based on steady-state microelectrode voltammetry, is proposed and used to measure micro M ionic impurities in acetonitrile. The role of ionic solution impurities on voltammetric measurements in the absence of intentionally added electrolyte is quantified and a criterion for the minimum number of ions required to observe sigmoidally-shaped voltammetric curves at is proposed.

Membrane Protein Crystallization Amer Assn of Blood Banks

-- The latest information on hepatitis, HIV, and AIDS -- Complete coverage of all blood group systems -- New information on quality assurance and informational systems in the blood bank -- Case histories give the reader a picture of what is going on behind the scenes -- Summary charts at the end of each chapter identify for students the most important information to know for clinical rotations -- Helpful pedagogical tools, including chapter outlines, objectives, review questions, and a glossary -- An extensive package of illustrations, including 20 plates of full-color drawings and photomicrographs --Procedural appendices at the end of selected chapters -- Antigen-Antibody Characteristic Chart on the inside covers of the book provides easy access to the vast amount of information related to the blood group systems

Chemistry of Trace Elements in Fly Ash John Wiley & Sons

Recent years have seen tremendous progress in the field of hormone action and consequent signal transduction. The 40th Colloquium Mosbach was devoted to the discussion of results concerning the molecular process of hormone action, especially the processes following hormone binding to the corresponding receptors. Structural and functional aspects of steroid hormone receptors as well as ion-channel-coupled and enzyme-linked receptors were treated in detail. Particular interest focussed on the latest results concerning transcriptional control, protein phosphorylation, the role of G-Proteins, oncogene proteins, involvement of phospholipases and the regulation of ion channels.