

Modern Chemistry

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The first half of the title of this book may delude the uninitiated reader. The term "Jahn-Teller effect," taken literally, refers to a special effect inherent in particular molecular systems. Actually, this term implies a new approach to the general problem of correlations between the structure and properties of any molecular polyatomic system, including solids. Just such a new approach, or concept (in some sense, a new outlook or even a new way of thinking), which leads not to one special effect but to a series of different effects and laws, is embodied in the many (~ 4000) studies devoted to the investigation and application of the Jahn-Teller effect. The term "vibronic interactions" seems to be most appropriate to the new concept, and this explains the origin of the second half of the title. The primary objective of this book is to present a systematic development of the concept of vibronic interactions and its applications, and to illustrate its possibilities and significance in modern chemistry. In the first three chapters (covering about one-third of the book) the theoretical background of the vibronic concept and Jahn-Teller effect is given. The basic ideas are illustrated fully, although a comprehensive presentation of the theory with all related mathematical deductions is beyond the scope of this book. In the last three chapters the applications of theory to spectroscopy, stereochemistry and crystal chemistry, reactivity, and catalysis, are illustrated by a series of effects and laws.

Cathedrals of Science Forgotten Books

2000-2005 State Textbook Adoption - Rowan/Salisbury.

Fundamentals of Chemistry Apollo Books

Fundamentals of Chemistry, Fourth Edition covers the fundamentals of chemistry. The book describes the formation of ionic and covalent bonds; the Lewis theory of bonding; resonance; and the shape of molecules. The book then discusses the theory and some applications of the four kinds of spectroscopy: ultraviolet, infrared, nuclear (proton) magnetic resonance, and mass. Topics that combine environmental significance with descriptive chemistry, including atmospheric pollution from automobile exhaust; the metallurgy of iron and aluminum; corrosion; reactions involving ozone in the upper atmosphere; and the methods of controlling the pollution of air and water, are also considered. Chemists and students taking courses related to chemistry and environmental chemistry will find the book invaluable.

Modern Acetylene Chemistry Capstone

Antoine Lavoisier has been called the founder of modern chemistry. The French scientist is most remembered for developing the scientific method, which is a careful, step-by-step process for proving or disproving something.

Modern Fluoroorganic Chemistry Academic Press

This comprehensive handbook presents the full potential of modern acetylene chemistry, from organic synthesis through materials science to bioorganic chemistry. K. Houk, H. Hopf, P. Stang, K. M. Nicholas, N. Schore, M. Regitz, K. C. Nicolaou, R. Gleiter, L. Scott, R. Grubbs, H. Iwamura, J. Moore, and F. Diederich - internationally renowned authors introduce the reader, in a didactically skilful manner, to the state-of-the-art in alkyne chemistry. Emphasis is placed on presenting carefully selected and instructive examples as well as essential references to the original literature. Special benefits: Each chapter is rounded off by useful experimental procedures.

Modern Chemistry ...: Systematic chemistry Springer Science & Business Media

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Robert Boyle, Founder of Modern Chemistry Courier Corporation Noboru Hirota has produced a major historical analysis of how the field of chemistry has evolved over centuries. Spanning more than eight hundred pages, this book presents an exhaustive study of the field, showing how ground-breaking discoveries were made and innovative theories were constructed, with personal portrayals and interesting anecdotes of

pioneering scholars. Positioning chemistry carefully within the natural sciences, the author rejects the traditional separation of physics, chemistry and biology, defines chemistry broadly as the 'science of atoms and molecules,' and traces its dynamic history with an emphasis on 20th century developments and more recent findings. Professor Hirota himself has spearheaded research in physical chemistry for more than four decades in Japan and the United States, with cutting-edge engagement with magnetic resonance, spectroscopy, and photochemistry. This publication invites specialized researchers to traverse the pathways along which the subject developed into its present form and to understand how their own research fits into the broad scope of science as a whole. *****Chosen as an Outstanding Academic Title for 2017 by Choice Magazine!! In addition, the Choice subject editors have chosen "A History of Modern Chemistry" as one of their top favorite 25 titles! *****There are many books on the history of chemistry, but few that provide a comprehensive overview of the field up to the modern day. This book admirably fills that need. Overall, this is an excellent book and is strongly recommended." --Choice, Vol. 54, No. 7, March 2017 [Subject: History of Science, Chemistry]

Holt McDougal Modern Chemistry Texas Courier Corporation

A biography of the great English chemist "often regarded as the 'founder of modern chemistry' because he was a firm believer in the experiment rather than theory ... Boyle's best-known achievement is the Law that bears his name today--'Boyle's Law,' which states that relation between the pressure and volume of gases." Publisher's note.

Modern Organic Chemistry John Wiley & Sons

From ancient Greek theory to the explosive discoveries of the 20th century, this authoritative history shows how major chemists, their discoveries, and political, economic, and social developments transformed chemistry into a modern science. 209 illustrations. 14 tables. Bibliographies. Indices. Appendices.

Modern Chemistry and Its Wonders London, Cassell

In this handbook, Peer Kirsch clearly shows that this exciting field is no longer an exotic area of research. Aimed primarily at synthetic chemists wanting to gain a deeper understanding of the fascinating implications of including the highly unusual element fluorine in organic compounds, the main part of the book presents a wide range of synthetic methodologies and the experimental procedures selected undeniably show that this can be done with standard laboratory equipment. To round off, the author looks at fluorine chemistry and the applications of organofluorine compounds in liquid crystals, polymers and more besides. This long-awaited book represents an indispensable source of high quality information for everyone working in the field.

Principles of Modern Chemistry McGraw-Hill Science, Engineering & Mathematics

Excerpt from Modern Chemistry and Its Wonders: A Popular Account of Some of the More, Remarkable Recent Advances in Chemical Science for General Readers My recently published book Triumphs and Wonders of Modern Chemistry met with such an enthusiastic welcome by the chemical reading public, having run through two editions and been translated into Russian in the comparatively short time which has elapsed since publication, that when my publishers approached me with the request to write a companion volume to that work, treating of matters omitted for want of space in the first book, I gladly acceded to their proposal. The present book is the result. The treatment is popular, technicalities being avoided as much as possible. However, in it I suppose the reader to be familiar with the ordinary conceptions of chemistry, such as have already been explained in a popular manner in the first book. The book is not intended for students wishing to study for one or other of the innumerable examinations of our somewhat chaotic educational system. Rather it is intended to interest the cultured general reader in some of the really wonderful achievements of scientific chemistry. The subjects chosen include both technical and pure scientific advances, with which the writer has had special opportunities of becoming conversant. The reception accorded to the first volume, not only in the reviews but also in the numerous letters which have reached me from practically all parts of the world, has convinced the writer that the work really wanted and that a considerable demand exists for a book of this type. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

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Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Modern Chemistry © 2017 is a comprehensive

high school chemistry textbook and digital program that presents a balanced and engaging approach to conceptual and problem-solving instruction.

Designed to accommodate a wide range of student abilities within a general high school chemistry curriculum, the program offers a wealth of consistent support for reading and vocabulary, scientific inquiry, problem solving, and preparation for high-stakes testing. -- <http://www.hmhc.com>

Antoine Lavoisier Wentworth Press

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Holt McDougal Modern Chemistry Holt Rinehart & Winston

The Development of Modern Chemistry Courier Corporation

Modern Chemistry John Wiley & Sons

An introduction to the life of Antoine Lavoisier, the founder of modern chemistry.

Modern Chemistry Harcourt School

Organic chemistry refers to the scientific study of the compounds which have carbon bonds. Organic compounds also have oxygen, nitrogen, chlorine, bromine or sulphur. Their study incorporates examining their structure, composition, properties, bonding and reactions. Modern organic chemistry uses many different techniques to study organic compounds like nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy which deals with atom connectivity, elemental analysis which refers to deduction of elemental composition of a molecule, mass spectrometry which is the study of molecular weight and pattern of its structure, crystallography which deals with finding molecular geometry, etc. This book will trace the progress made in this field and its sub-fields and also highlight some of the key theories and their applications. It will unfold the innovative aspects of this area. Those with an interest in this subject will find this book helpful. It will serve as a valuable guide for students and researchers alike. It will also help new researchers by foregrounding their knowledge in this field.

Holt McDougal Modern Chemistry 2017 Oxford University Press

The carbonyl group is undoubtedly one of the most important functional groups in organic chemistry, both in its role as reactive center for synthesis or derivatisation and as crucial feature for special structural or physiological properties. Vast and profound progress has been made in all aspects modern carbonyl chemistry. These achievements are, however, rather dispersed in the literature and it is often not easy for the researcher obtain a comprehensive overview of a relevant topic. Modern Carbonyl Chemistry overcomes this inconvenience by collating the information for appropriate themes. In this work internationally renowned experts and leaders in the field have surveyed recent aspects and modern features in carbonyl chemistry, such as cascade-reactions, one-pot-syntheses, recognition, or site differentiation.

Modern Chemistry McDougal Littell/Houghton Mifflin

Modern Analytical Chemistry is a one-semester introductory text that meets the needs of all instructors. With coverage in both traditional topics and modern-day topics, instructors will have the flexibility to customize their course into what they feel is necessary for their students to comprehend the concepts of analytical chemistry.

Modern Chemistry Arden Shakespeare

In Cathedrals of Science, Patrick Coffey describes how chemistry got its modern footing-how thirteen brilliant men and one woman struggled with the laws of the universe and with each other. They wanted to discover how the world worked, but they also wanted credit for making those discoveries, and their personalities often affected how that credit was assigned. Gilbert Lewis, for example, could be reclusive and resentful, and his enmity with Walther Nernst may have cost him the Nobel Prize; Irving Langmuir, gregarious and charming, "rediscovered" Lewis's theory of the chemical bond and received much of the credit for it. Langmuir's personality smoothed his path to the Nobel Prize over Lewis. Coffey deals with moral and societal issues as well. These same scientists were the first to be seen by their countries as military assets. Fritz Haber, dubbed the "father of chemical warfare," pioneered the use of poison gas in World War I-vividly described-and Glenn Seaborg and Harold Urey were leaders in World War II's Manhattan Project; Urey and Linus Pauling worked for nuclear disarmament after the war. Science was not always fair, and many

were excluded. The Nazis pushed Jewish scientists like Haber from their posts in the 1930s. Anti-Semitism was also a force in American chemistry, and few women were allowed in; Pauling, for example, used his influence to cut off the funding and block the publications of his rival, Dorothy Wrinch. Cathedrals of Science paints a colorful portrait of the building of modern chemistry from the late 19th to the mid-20th century.